Meals On Wheels ASSOCIATION OF AMERICA

LEADERSHIP

A Game of



OR

Facilitated by: Elizabeth Faircloth Vice President Augur Inc.

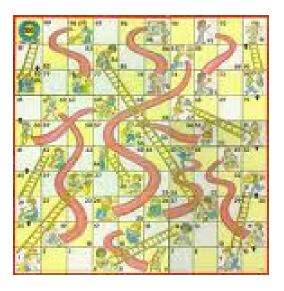




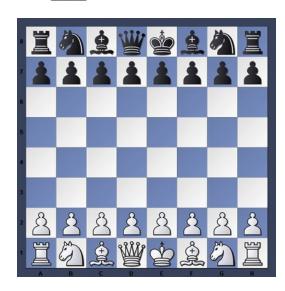
LEADERSHIP

SOME HISTORY











What are the Key Differences between CHESS and Chutes & Ladders?









In Chutes → Ladders™ each piece:

- ☐ Carries exactly the same value and weight
- Moves in the same direction
- ☐ Is governed by the fickle spin of the wheel

In CHESS, each piece:

- ☐ Has a unique role
- ☐ Has unique rules of engagement how it interacts with the other pieces
- Possesses a unique level of power





Game of Strategy



Game of Chance

Leadership
is a Combination of
Strategy & Chance!



Planned Goals for Today

- * King & Queen- LEADERS
 - Objectively Identify and build on YOUR Strengths
- Pawn, Knight, Bishop, Rook THOSE YOU LEAD
 - Understand and leverage behavioral diversity
- **Chutes OBSTACLES**
 - ☐ Be aware of "Blind Spots"
- Ladders OPPORTUNITIES
 - Have the Courage to Continue the Climb



Connecting the Dots

A = Dominance

B = Extroversion



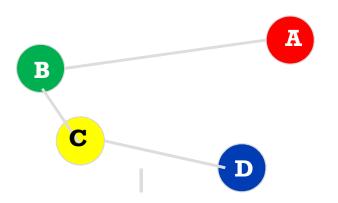
C = Patience

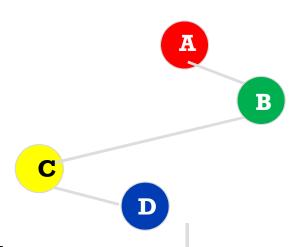
D = Formality

E = Judgmental Thinking

M = Morale, Energy







$$A>B = THINGS$$

$$B>A = PEOPLE$$

$$A>D = RISK$$

$$D>A = CAUTIOUS$$





LEADERSHIP VIDEO

Pick one quote that resonates with you as it aligns with our topic





com·mu·ni·cate

Verb:

✓ to impart knowledge; to give or interchange thoughts, feelings, information, or the like, by writing, speaking

in·flu·ence

noun

√ the capacity or power of persons or things to be a compelling <u>force</u> on, or produce effects on, the actions, behavior, opinions, etc., of others

Verb:

√ to exercise influence on; affect; sway; to move or impel (a person) to some action





"Ensuring how your choices and actions today may INFLUENCE the next ten years!"

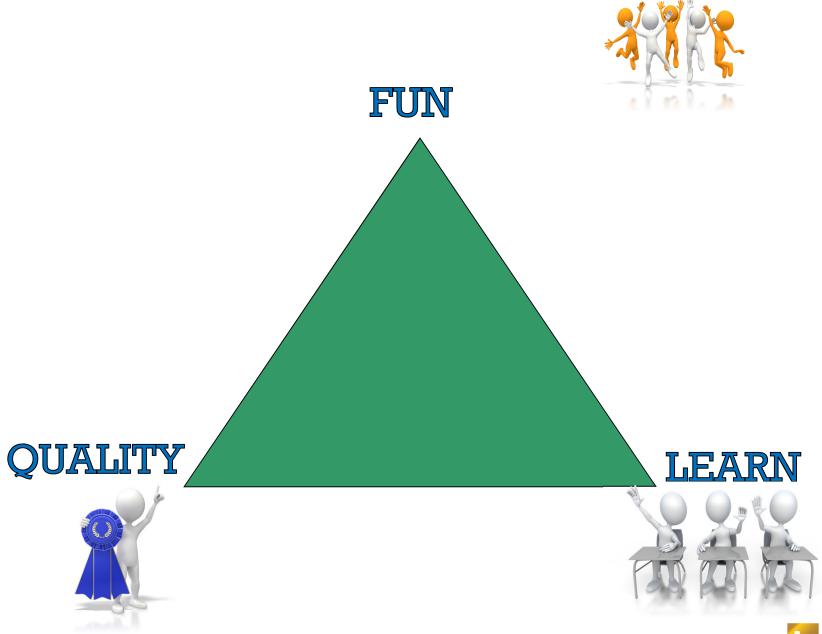
-- Robert Cooper, Ph.D.



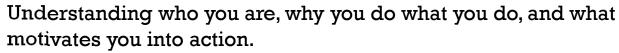
People







Workshop Outcomes



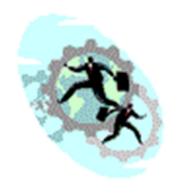
Better understanding of how participants fit into their roles, teams, and the overall organization culture.

Gaining insight into how your personality can drive business goals and objectives (and learn when you need to adapt to meet business goals!)

Learn effective strategies on how to increase your "influencing skills" to make a positive impact on key stakeholders.



What do YOU hope to gain from today's program?



Start With The End In Mind!



Λ.,
AUGUR INC.
The Chemistry of People. The Science of (1).



3. YOUR Positi				
Ideal Behav ior	ral Requireme nts	of the Position ((PRO Form)	
		LOW	HIGH	
	(A) Dominance			
	(B) Extroversion			
	(C) Patience			
	(D) Formality			
L				
4 VOUD Daka	udamal Chula			
4. YOUR Beha	vioral Style	LOW	HIGH	
4. YOUR Beha	(A) Dominance	LOW	HIGH	
4. YOUR Beha		LOW	HIGH	
4. YOUR Beha	(A) Dominance	LOW	HIGH	
4. YOUR Beha	(A) Dominance (B) Extroversion	LOW	HIGH	
4. YOUR Beha	(A) Dominance (B) Extroversion (C) Patience	LOW	HIGH	
	(A) Dominance (B) Extroversion (C) Patience (D) Formality	LOW	HIGH	
	(A) Dominance (B) Extroversion (C) Patience (D) Formality	LOW	HIGH	
5. Position Ti	(A) Dominance (B) Extroversion (C) Patience (D) Formality			
5. Position Ti	(A) Dominance (B) Extroversion (C) Patience (D) Formality	ts of the Position	(PRO Form)	
5. Position Ti	(A) Dominance (B) Extroversion (C) Patience (D) Formality tle: oral Requirement			
5. Position Ti	(A) Dominance (B) Extroversion (C) Patience (D) Formality	ts of the Position	(PRO Form)	

(D) Formality



Page 3 in Workbook

Today's Agenda

3:00 – 4:15 pm

Introduction

Personal Focus Questions

Brief Learning Lab on the Impact of Communication

Overview of Behavioral and Communication Styles

An Exercise

Break

4:30 - 6:00 pm

Your Behavioral and Communication Styles

Team

Individual

Personal Action Plan – Your Call to Action!

Wrap up on Time





Information to Consider:



Effective communication relies on our ability to send and receive information, or feedback.

When we communicate, informally or formally, in writing or in conversation, we perform three basic skills.

Presenting: How we send information to others.

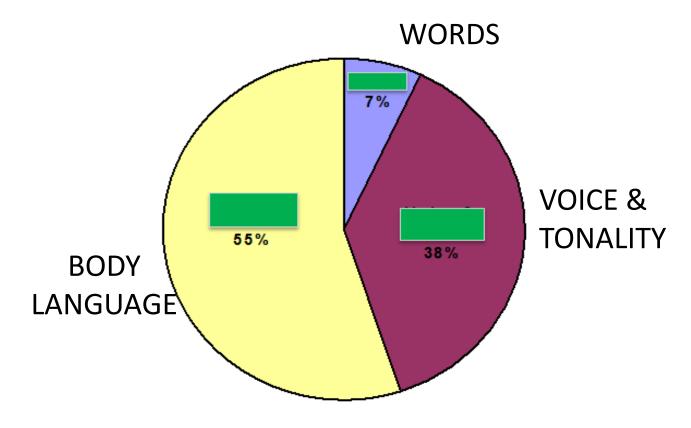
Listening: How we receive information from others.

Responding: How we interpret and return information.





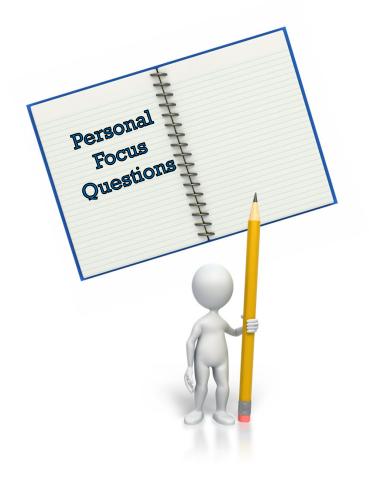
Sending Clear Messages



Research by Psychologist and Professor Albert Hehrajbian From "In Your Hands: NLP in ELT" by Jane Revell & Susan Norman



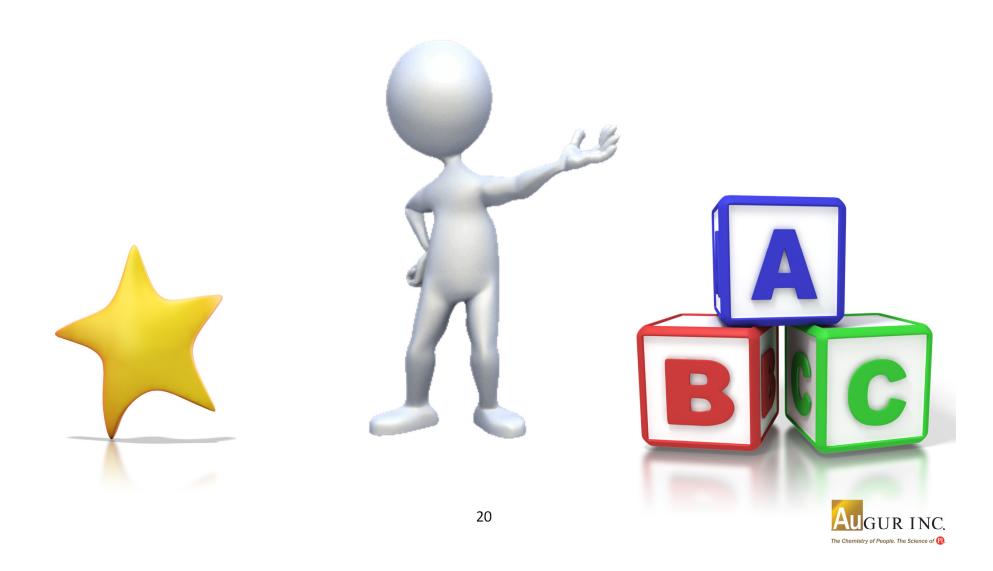
It's All About You!



- What are your behavioral strengths?
- What is your natural communication style?
- How do you prefer to receive information from others?
- What motivates you?
- What are your communication hot buttons?



Learning Lab



TEAM EXERCISE

•The "A" Team: "Twinkle, Twinkle, Little Star."



•The "B" Team: "Bah, Bah, Black Sheep."



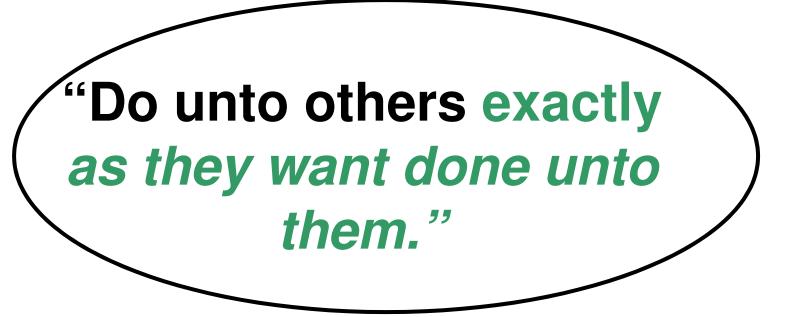
•The "C" Team: "ABC" song.





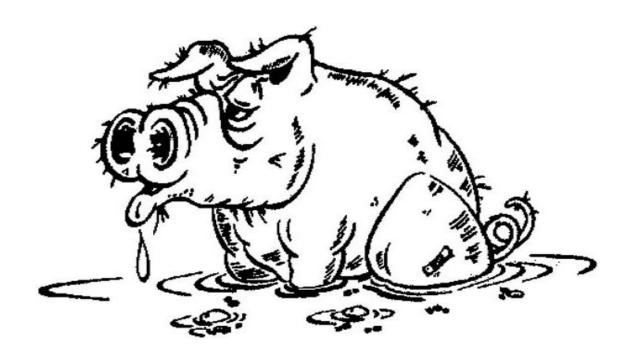
"Do unto others as you would have them do unto you."





Tom Asacker Sandbox Wisdom

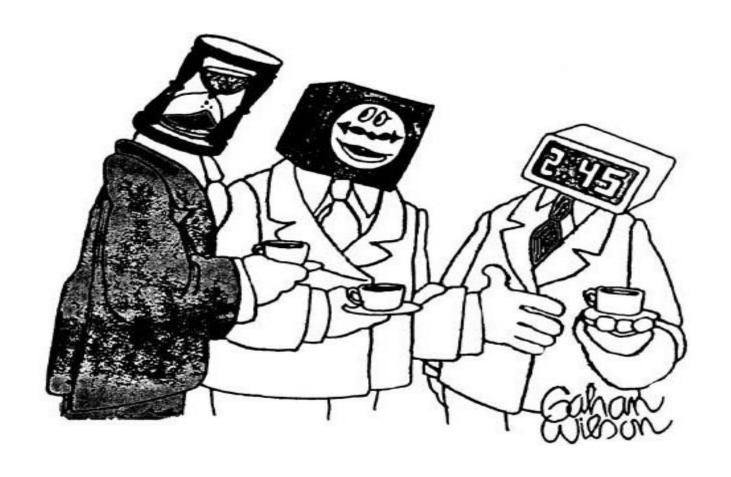




"Never try to teach a pig to sing. It wastes your time and annoys the pig."

- Mark Twain





Basically, we're all trying to say the same thing.



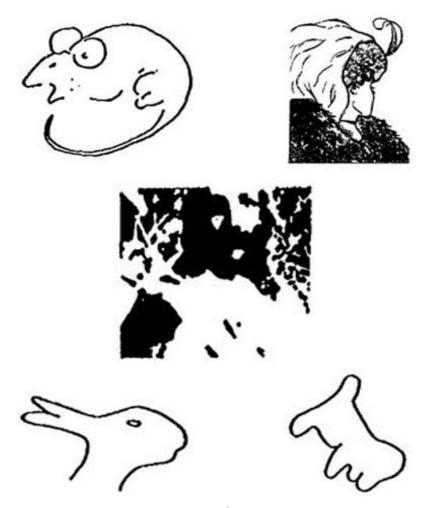
Areas that Influence How You Approach

Leadership





What Do You See?





People Have Needs













Overview of Behavioral Styles (1)



"When new turns of behavior cease to appear in the life of the individual, its behavior ceases to be intelligent."

- Thomas Carlyle







What is the Predictive Index ®?

A behavioral instrument that helps us objectively understand how individuals respond to their environment and the people in it.





Individua





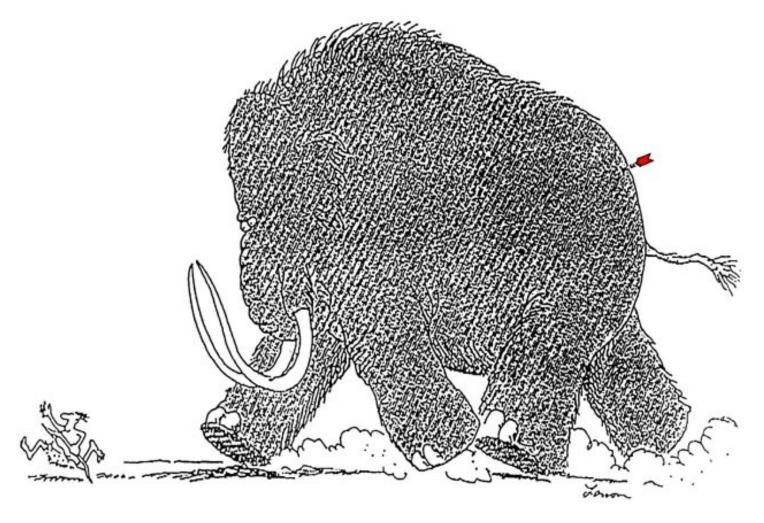




Verview

- Validated and internationally accepted assessment tool since 1955
- Provides objective information on motivating needs and work behaviors
- There is <u>NO</u> right or wrong PI just different
- Available in 65 languages and Braille
- Clients include startups to Fortune 500 companies, nonprofits, academic institutions







Human Behavior

All behavior is motivated...

Your needs motivate **YOU**...

My needs motivate **ME**...

I cannot assume to know what motivates you.... But in fact many times I do!!





Overview of the Predictive Index® (PI®)

- A behavioral assessment tool that measures our core motivational drives
- Those drives create needs, which in turn influence the way we behave
- Built to help people to excel in the workplace

PA	THE PREDICT Organizati Chec	on Survey	F	
Name:		Date:		
Occupation:				
DIRECTIONS:	Please read the words in the list describe the way you are expec		you feel	
			_ [Form IV English
Helpful				Page 2
Relaxed Exciting				
Assertive				
Patient			nored	
Conscientious				
Sophisticated				
Persistent			ve	
Earnest	. Well-liked	□ Daring	□	
Outstanding	. Docile	_ Tolerant .		
Sympathetic				
Loyal			ıg□	
Self-starter			□	. 🗆
Conventional			⊔	
Eloquent			⊔	. 🗆
Cynical				. 🗆
Passive				. 🗆
Gentle				. 🗆
Appealing				. 🗆
Thoughtful				
Self-assured				
Steady				
Competitive				
Fashionable				
Neat	. Reserved	Amiable .		
Audacious	. Serious	□ Diplomati	c□	. 🗆
Polished				. 🗆
Fearful		Consisten		. 🗆
© Commishe 1055 1063 1088	1992, 2003 Praendex Incorporated. All rights rese	armed.		
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		Convincing	Eager	
		Responsive	Shy	
	Competitive □	Neighborly	Fussy	. 🗆
		Selfish□	Versatile	
		Reserved	Amiable	
		Serious	Diplomatic	
	Polished	Persevering	Self centered	
	rearrul		Consistent	. 🗆
			Please turn in your paper	
	- 3 5			RIN

36

The Predictive Index ® System Arnold Daniels



66 Languages

Origins of 1955







Sample PI Worldwide Client Partners

The world's largest shipping company The world's largest cereal company The world's largest escalator company The world's largest inspection company The world's largest food company The world's largest computer company The world's largest packaging company The world's largest oil company

The world's largest furniture company

The world's largest earthmoving company









Schindler





Nestle





Tetra Pak







IKEA

Caterpillar CATERPILLAR®



Sample PI Worldwide Non Profit Client Partners

























PI helps answer questions like:





What motivates you and others into action?



How can you leverage your colleagues and/or volunteers strengths?



How do you build teams that communicate effectively and have the power to influence others?

How can individual's personalities drive or impede goals and objectives?



of River

- Developed and validated in compliance with Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (EEOC) Guidelines, as well as the professional standards established by the American Psychological Association (APA)
- Test-Retest Reliability
- Internal-Consistency Reliability
- Construct Validity
- Criterion-Related Validity
- Protection from Adverse Impact

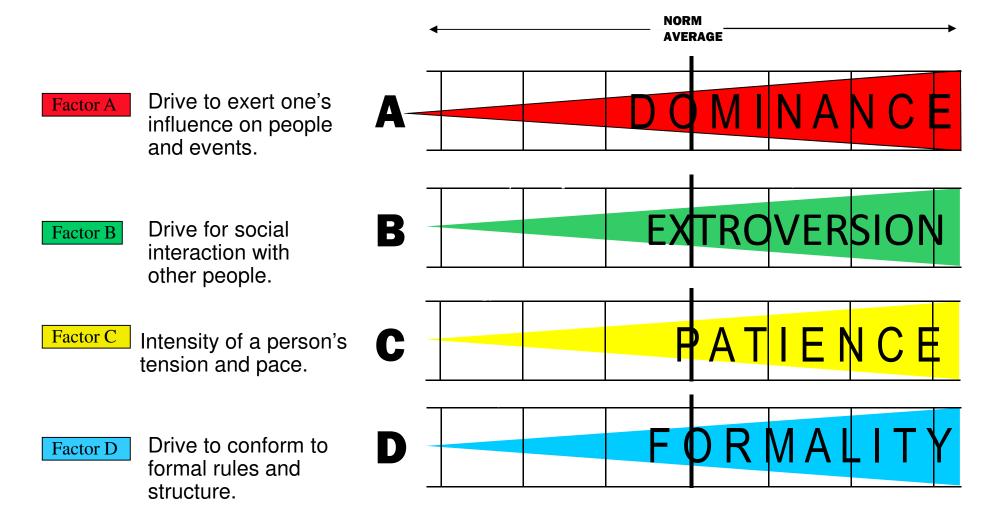








What PI® Measures ®





What PI® Measures



The **SELF**

Your innate behavior that is determined by the time you are 5-10 years old



How you are trying to adapt to meet the needs of your environment



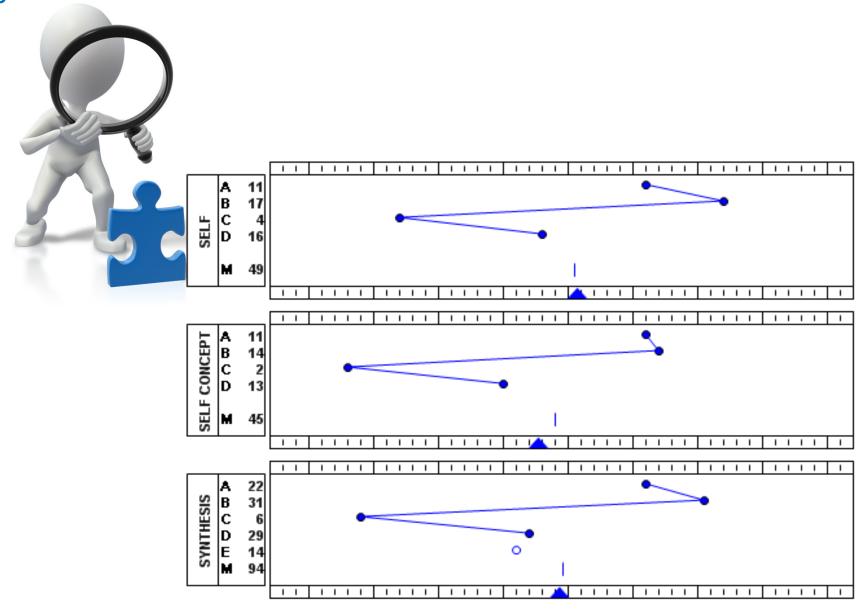


The **SYNTHESIS**

How Others May Actually See You!









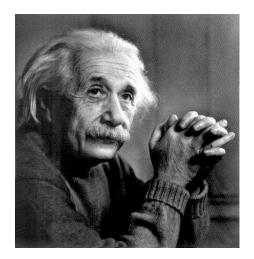
FAMOUS PEOPLE/ACTORS













Dominant Risk Taker

LOW Relative to Norm

1 - **SAM**

Relative to Norm HIGH

Introvert Things

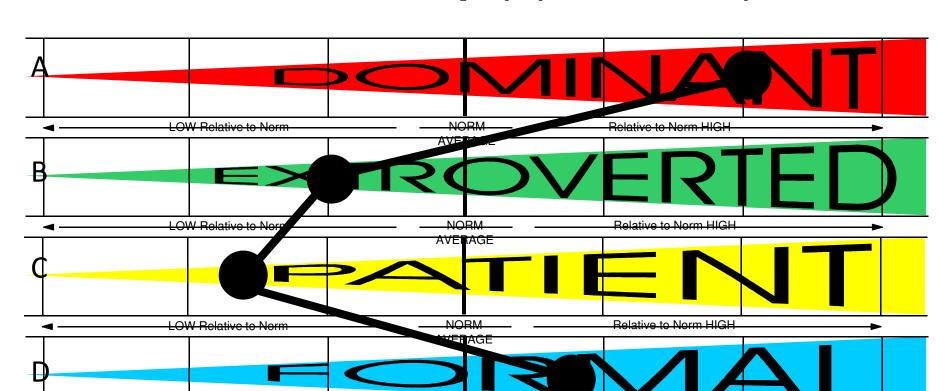
Impatient

Structured

1. What are my behavioral strengths?

2. How do I communicate most effectively?

- 3. How do I influence others?
- 4. How can I adapt my style to more effectively influence others?



AVERAGE



The Chemistry of People. The Science of (1)

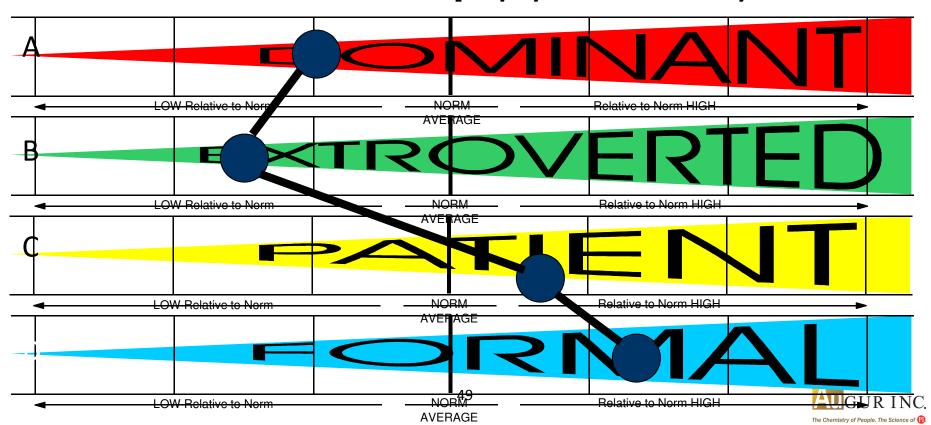
Low Dominant Cautious

2 - CHRISTINE

Introvert Things

Patient

- 1. What are my behavioral strengths?
- 2. How do I communicate most effectively?
- 3. How do I influence others?
- 4. How can I adapt my style to more effectively influence others?





Low Dominant

Cautious

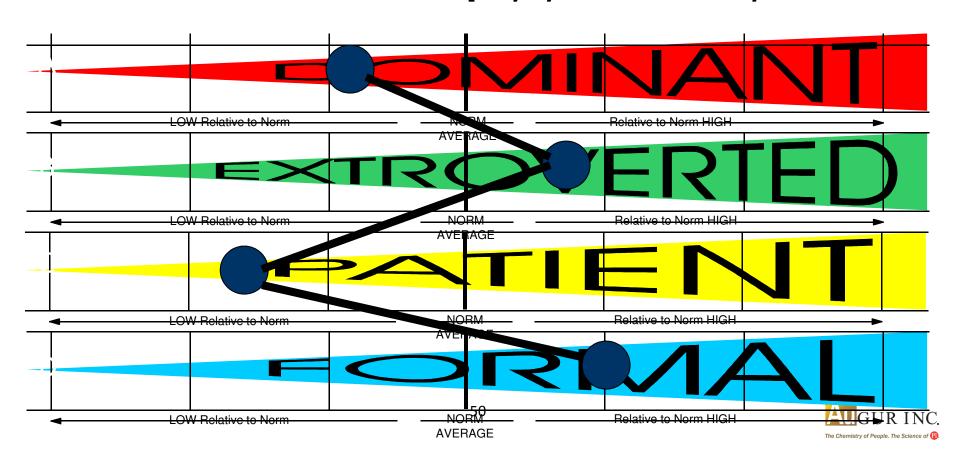
3 - AL

Extrovert

People

Impatient

- What are my behavioral strengths?
- 2. How do I communicate most effectively?
- 3. How do I influence others?
- How can I adapt my style to more effectively influence others? 4.





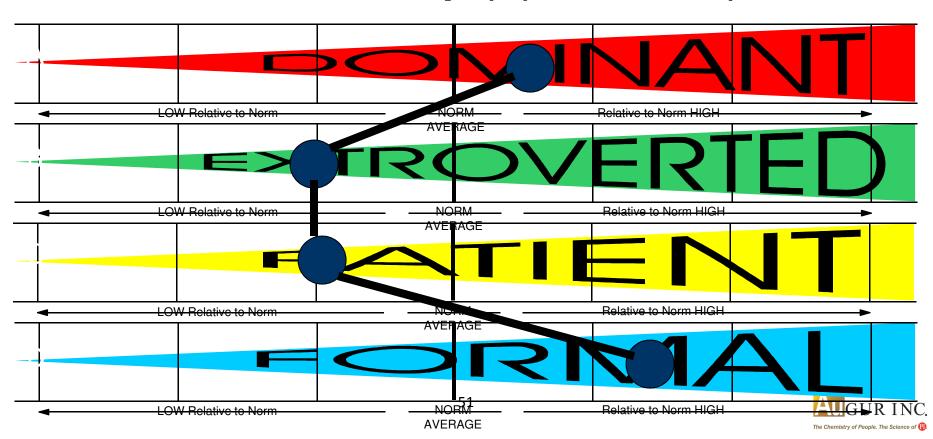
Dominant Cautious

4 - CARLA

Introvert Things

Impatient

- 1. What are my behavioral strengths?
- 2. How do I communicate most effectively?
- 3. How do I influence others?
- 4. How can I adapt my style to more effectively influence others?





Dominant Risk Taker

5 - AMY

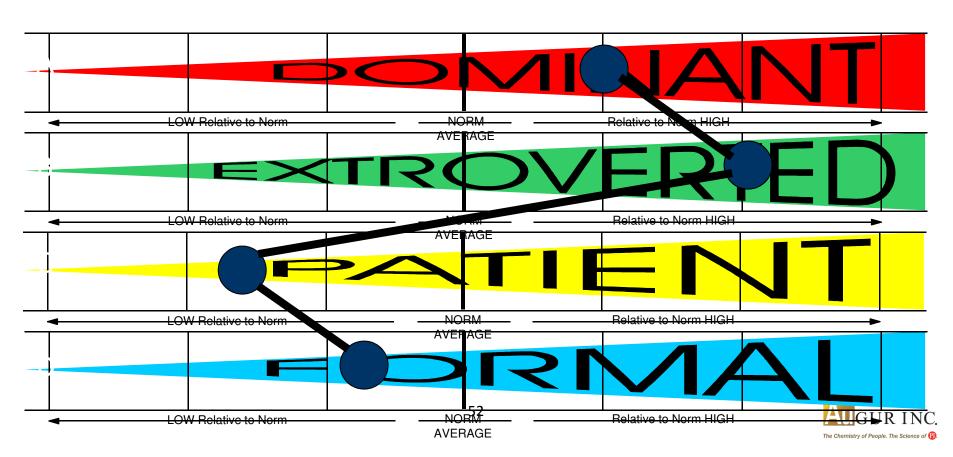
Extrovert People

Impatient

1. What are my behavioral strengths?

Unstructured

- 2. How do I communicate most effectively?
- 3. How do I influence others?
- 4. How can I adapt my style to more effectively influence others?



Low Dominant

Cautious

6 - DAVID

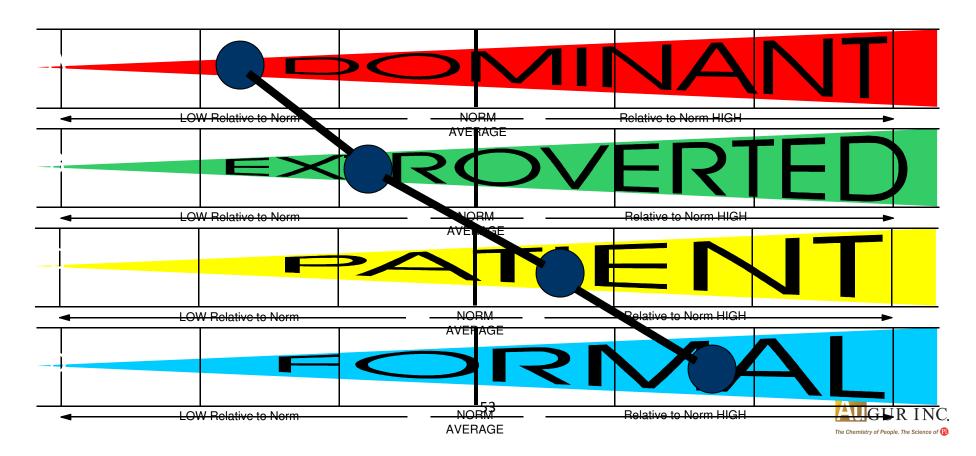
Introvert

People

Patient

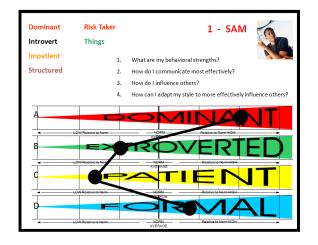
1. What are my behavioral strengths?

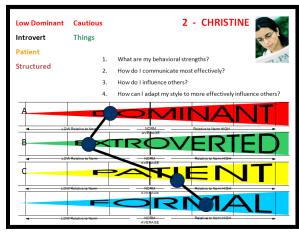
- 2. How do I communicate most effectively?
- 3. How do I influence others?
- 4. How can I adapt my style to more effectively influence others?

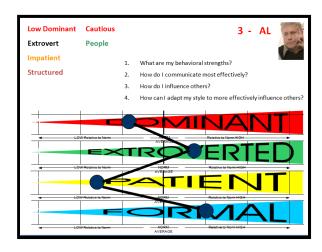


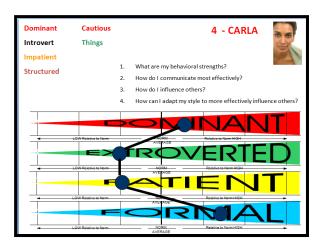


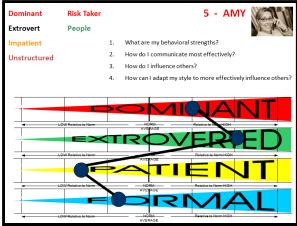
Page 9 in Workbook

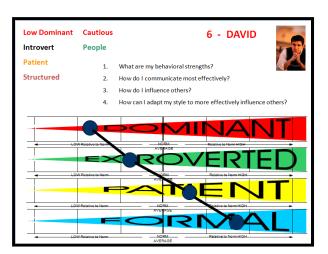














Your Behavioral Style

- To which character are you most similar?
- Which character is most different from your style? Why?
- How would you influence this person 3. whose style is different?
- How might you adapt your influencing style to achieve desired results?





"Driving Business Objectives" Worksheet



The Chemistry of People. The Science of 📵

the Position (P	PO Form)	
,	•	
	nign	
LOW	HIGH	
•		_
f th <mark>e P</mark> osition	(PRO Form)	
	HIGH	
	LOW	the Position (PRO Form) LOW HIGH HIGH of the Position (PRO Form)



"Driving Business Objectives" Worksheet



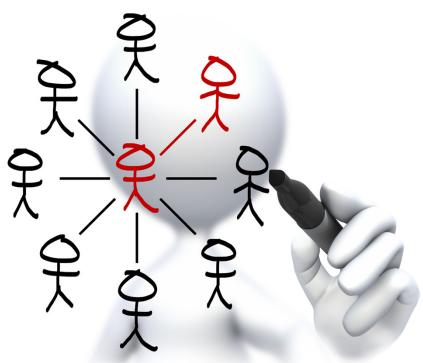
(A) Dominance (B) Extroversion (C) Patience (D) Formality (A) Dominance (B) Extroversion (C) Patience (C) Patience (D) Formality (C) Patience (D) Formality (C) Patience (D) Formality	Low Low the behavioral	HIGH	e staff person's style and the
(B) Extroversion (C) Patience (D) Formality (A) Dominance (B) Extroversion (C) Patience (D) Formality (D) Formality	e the behavioral		e staff person's style and the
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(B) Extroversion (C) Patience (D) Formality this exercise, what are		gaps between the	e staff person's style and the
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(D) Formality this exercise, what are		gaps between the	e staff person's style and the
this exercise, what are		gaps between the	e staff person's style and the
requirements of the for	c:		
u motivate this person	to help them inc	crease their effect	tiveness in their role?
	ou motivate this person	ou motivate this person to help them inc	ou motivate this person to help them increase their effec

Personal Action Plan Considerations





Power To Influence Strategies and Tips



Strategies on ways to adapt your style to be more effective when dealing with people who are different than you.



"Consider how hard it is to change yourself, and you'll understand what little chance you have of trying to change others."



- Jacob Braude Bits & Pieces February 4, 1993





Thanks for completing the Feedback Form!



Leadership is like the Game of Twister™- If You Can't Find Your Balance, You're Out!

August 22, 2012, 3:10 p.m. – 6:10 p.m.

2012 MOWAA Annual Conference

Gaylord National Harbor Hotel

Meals On Wheels

ASSOCIATION OF AMERICA™



A GAME OF



OR



Facilitated by:

Elizabeth Faircloth, Vice President Augur Inc.

364 Main Street, Bedminster, NJ 07921 efaircloth@augurinc.com/ 800-679-9885 www.augurinc.com

2012 MOWAA ANNUAL CONFERENCE

Workshop Outcomes: What You Will Learn:

- A methodology for understanding people.
- Understanding who you are, why you do what you do, and what motivates you into action.
- Better understanding of how you fit into your role, your team, and the overall organizational culture.
- Gaining insight into how your personality can drive (or impede) business goals and objectives.
- Learn how you need to adapt your style to meet your MOWAA goals.
- Learn effective strategies on how to increase your "influencing skills" to make a positive impact on key stakeholders.



What do **YOU** hope to gain from today's program?

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2012 MOWAA ANNUAL CONFERENCE

AGENDA

3:00 - 4:15 pm

- Introduction
- Personal Focus Questions
- Brief Learning Lab on the Impact of Communication
- Overview of Behavioral and Communication Styles
- An Exercise
- Break

4:30 - 6:00 pm

- Your Behavioral and Communication Styles
 - o Team
 - o Individual
- Personal Action Plan Your Call to Action!
- Wrap up on Time



TYPES OF COMMUNICATION

Effective communication relies on our ability to send and receive information, or feedback. When we communicate, informally or formally, in writing or in conversation, we perform three basic skills.

- 1. **Presenting** How we **send** information to others.
- 2. **Listening** How we **receive** information from others.
- 3. **Responding** How we **interpret** and **return** information.

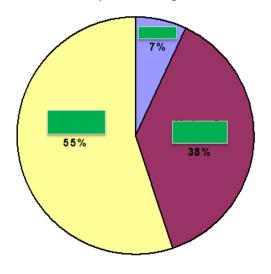


We each have a unique way of communicating, and our natural behavioral and communication styles *influence* all three skill areas.

Some of us are good listeners, while some of us are eloquent speakers. We communicate and interpret the world around us based on our personal preferences for giving and receiving information.

LISTENING – HOW WE RECEIVE INFORMATION FROM OTHERS

Certainly, we listen with our ears. But did you know that we listen MORE with our *eyes*? In fact, 93% of how we interpret messages is based on non-verbal behavior and what we see.



Research by Psychologist and Professor Albert Hehrajbian From "In Your Hands: NLP in ELT" by Jane Revell & Susan Norman We need to be aware that what we SAY and how we BEHAVE might not always be consistent.

To be clearly understood and *influence* others, we should always strive to match our verbal and *non*verbal behavior.

PERSONAL FOCUS QUESTIONS - IT'S ALL ABOUT YOU

1.	What are YOUR behavioral strengths?
2.	What is YOUR natural communication style?
3.	How do you prefer to receive information from others?
4.	What motivates YOU?
5.	What are your communication hot buttons when interacting with others?

OVERVIEW OF BEHAVIORAL STYLES

"When new turns of behavior

cease to appear in the life of the individual,

its behavior ceases to be intelligent."

Thomas Carlyle



OVERVIEW OF PREDICTIVE INDEX® (PI®)

Since 1955, the Predictive Index® has been helping both non-profit and for-profit companies and institutions. The PI® provides objective insight into an individual's natural behavior, communication style, adaptive behavior, morale, delegation style, and motivators. This, in turn, helps leaders to better understand, and more effectively motivate the people they work with and for and whom they serve.

Available in more than 60 languages, the PI is used by large and small organizations across all industries, including non-profits.

There is no "right" or "wrong" in the Predictive Index.

This program can be applied to:

- ✓ Improving Communication and Influencing others
- ✓ Motivating to higher levels of productivity
- ✓ Employee engagement and accountability
- ✓ Maximizing individual and team performance
- Developing and mentoring others
- ✓ Understanding why people do what they do and learn how, at times, to adapt that style to gain the confidence and trust of others.

pl® APPLICATIONS



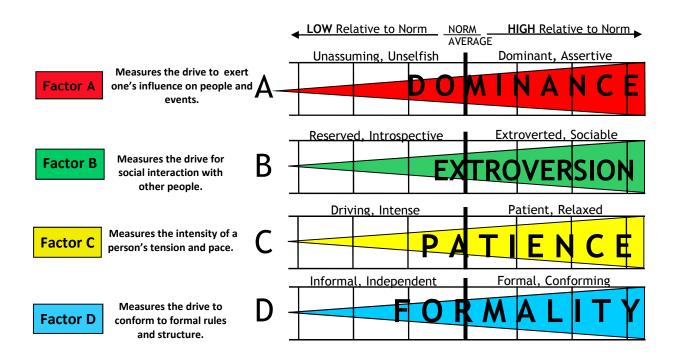
WHAT PI® MEASURES/DOESN'T MEASURE



WHAT PI® MEASURES

People are <u>motivated</u> by fundamental **needs** or **drives** which lead to certain **behaviors**.

In PI®, we call these motivating needs "Factors."



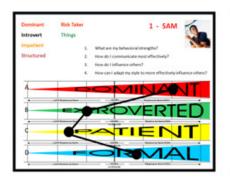
PI also measures:

- Response to change what adaptations are you making in your current role and/or environment?
- Delegation style
- Judgmental thinking Are you subjective or objective?
- Morale
- Communication style
- Energy level

NOTES

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FOUR-FACTORS EXERCISEWHICH CHARACTER AM I?

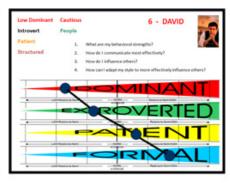












YOUR BEHAVIORAL STYLE

1.	To which character from the Four Factor Exercise are you most similar?
2.	Which character is most different from your style? Why?
3.	How would you typically try to <i>influence</i> this person whose style is different from yours?
4.	Based on what you have learned today, how could you adapt your influencing style to achieve desired results?

PERSONAL ACTION PLAN CONSIDERATIONS

Now it is time to put the insights you gained in today's session to work.

1.	What are the most significant things you learned from this session?
2.	How can you use the information you learned today to help yourself, your team, and your organization be more successful?
	Now look three months into the future.
3.	What general improvements do you see in your overall leadership and communication style?
4.	What do you do differently when influencing:
	Your Board of Directors
	Your Team
5.	What are the results of the changes you've made? How is your job different?

POWER TO INFLUENCE - STRATEGIES AND TIPS

Here are some ways that you can adapt your style to be more effective when dealing with people who are different from you.

	■ Looks to you to control the conversation
Their Chale and	Looks to you to control the conversation.
Their Style and	May appear quiet and reserved.
Typical Behaviors	Focuses on cooperative needs, may say: "We need my boss wants
	our goal is"
LOW DOMINANT	 Asks "What if" questions, may try to avoid risk.
	 Needs time to think about a decision.
	 May involve others in the decision making process.
	 Encouragement and support when moving into new areas.
Their Motivating	 Team atmosphere, harmony, opportunity to build consensus.
Needs	 Freedom from too much uncertainty.
	 Understanding what is expected of them.
How You Can	 Assure your support, cooperation and guidance.
	 Keep reaffirming the benefits to them.
Adapt/Influence	 Don't pressure – reassure because this person tends to worry.
	■ Takes control of the conversation.
Their Style and	Focuses on their own needs, may say: "I need to, I want to, I'm
Typical Behaviors	looking to"
71	Challenges the status quo, speaks freely about how they challenge the
HIGH DOMINANT	organization.
	 Quick to express opinions, will even challenge the "expert".
	 Will generally tell you where you stand.
	Independence and freedom.
	Control of the agenda.
Their Motivating	 Ability to prove their strengths and that they are a winner.
Needs	 Expression of own ideas and initiative.
	Making decisions and taking action.
	Talk hard facts and be sure you can back them up.
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
How You Can	 Be direct, frank and to the point – small talk doesn't interest these people unless they are Extroverted.
Adapt/Influence	■ Emphasize results and gains – they are more likely to buy an idea of they believe it's
	their idea.
	Tone down the detail unless this person is a high "D".
Their Style and	■ Talks directly – little small talk, gets down to business.
Typical Behaviors	Focused on tasks, technical aspects.
	Asks "what, how and why" questions.
INTROVERT	 Can be skeptical of new ideas and new people initially.
	 Will take time to process and think before responding to questions.
	 Time to think and process information.
Their Motivating	 Recognition and respect for professional and intellectual competence.
Needs	Problems to solve and chance to put creative/analytical mind to work.
	 Written and one-on-one communication.
	 Discuss facts and make sure they are correct and complete.
How You Can	Don't bluff, they will see right through it.
	 Use reasoning but don't argue.
Adapt/Influence	 Don't try to get friendly or personal too soon, let that initiative be theirs.
	 Rely on facts and logic for reasoning, not personal pressure.
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POWER TO INFLUENCE - STRATEGIES AND TIPS

Here are some ways that you can adapt your style to be more effective when dealing with people who are different from you.

Their Style and Typical Behaviors EXTROVERT	 Interested, makes a connection with you. Tells you about themselves. Often concerned about appearances and "looking good". Office will often have many personal items that convey something about them.
Their Motivating Needs	 Involvement and communication with people. Social acceptance, being liked and admired. Opportunity to "talk through" ideas with others, having a "sounding board". Positive, constructive feedback. Being kept informed.
How You Can Adapt/Influence	 Allow time for, and have patience with, small talk and personal talk. Talk ideas through with them. Give them the opportunity to ask questions and give their input. Keep them informed and "in the loop". Build rapport, build the relationship. Be forthcoming with information and anecdotes about yourself.
Their Style and Typical Behaviors LOW PATIENCE	 Tense body language - fidgety, taps fingers, jiggles foot, talks fast. Changes the subject and focus frequently. Rushes or interrupts you. Loses focus if you move too slowly. May ask questions such as: "when how fast" Tries to do more than one thing at a time.
Their Motivating Needs	 Variety, change of pace. Freedom from repetition. Opportunity to change priorities and deadlines.
How You Can Adapt	 Make your points succinctly, don't ramble or get bogged down in too much detail. Expect questions from a variety of angles. Be flexible in your approach. Think "do it NOW".
Their Style and Typical Behaviors HIGH PATIENCE	 Relaxed body language, slow to moderately paced talk. Focuses on one thing at a time. Asks questions such as: "What are the next steps in the process?" Even tempered, takes things in stride. Avoids interruptions.
Their Motivating Needs	 Security, stable work environment. Familiar people, familiar work. Supportive work team. Systems and processes.
How You Can Adapt/Influence	 Adjust your pace when speaking – don't rattle off at full speed. Take a breath between points and allow this person time to digest what you are saying. Allow time for them to think before responding to your questions, don't rush. Don't pressure. Keep the process moving, but avoid pushing time lines.

POWER TO INFLUENCE - STRATEGIES AND TIPS

Here are some ways that you can adapt your style to be more effective when dealing with people who are different from you.

Their Style and Typical Behaviors LOW FORMALITY	 Open and informal in style, engaging communication. Uninhibited in manner, no worries, not interested in details. Blunt, outspoken, and readily offers opinion (even if not asked). Not impressed by the "status quo" or the "old" way of doing things.
Their Motivating Needs	 Open, informal contact with people. Results and the bottom line. Freedom from personal involvement with details. Flexibility in determining approaches. Informality, independence.
How You Can Adapt/Influence	 Build rapport; speak openly about a project or idea. Begin with the "big picture" instead of the specific details. Get to the point quickly. Focus on the "bottom line".
Their Style and Typical Behaviors HIGH FORMALITY	 Gives direct, specific answers to questions, but not forthcoming with additional information. Often expresses worry, concern or doubt about the future, may say: "I'm concerned about" Drills down for more information (even if those details seem unnecessary or premature at this point). Wants documentation in writing.
Their Motivating Needs	 Facts and data – not "sizzle". Controlled, structured process. Predictable events – no surprises. Foresight and planning – where are we going and how will we get there? Detailed information which allows them to be more certain of the results. Opportunity to learn as much as they can in their areas of expertise.
How You Can Adapt/Influence	 Be organized. Lay out facts in a disciplined way. Provide research to support your opinion. Don't press too hard and fast to get close personally. Show respect for this person's particular technical knowledge and stated authority. Respect their expertise and do not go around them.



"Consider how hard it is to change yourself, and you'll understand what little chance you have of trying to change others."

- Jacob Braude

"Driving Business Objectives" Worksheet



. State a Current Goal in your	Program	2. State a Current	Challenge
3. YOUR Position Title:			
Ideal Behavioral Requiremen	ts of the Position (P	RO Form)	
zenaviet at negan emen	LOW	HIGH	
(A) Dominance			
(B) Extroversion			
(C) Patience			
(D) Formality			
4. YOUR Behavioral Style (A) Dominance	LOW	нідн	
(B) Extroversion			
(C) Patience			
(D) Formality			
5. Position Title:	nts of the Position (PRO Form)	
	LOW	HIGH	
(A) Dominance			
(B) Extroversio			
(C) Patience			
(D) Formality			



"Driving Business Objectives" Worksheet



		LOW	HIGH	
	(A) Dominance			7
	(B) Extroversion			
	(C) Patience			
	(D) Formality			
7. Name: Behavioral Style (of Staff Person	LOW	HIGH	
Γ	(A) Dominance			
	(B) Extroversion			
	(C) Patience			
Based on this e	(D) Formality	the behavioral ga	ons between the stat	ff person's style and
	(D) Formality		aps between the staf	ff person's style and
	(D) Formality		ips between the stat	ff person's style and
	(D) Formality		ips between the staf	ff person's style and
navioral require	(D) Formality xercise, what are ements of the role	?		ff person's style and