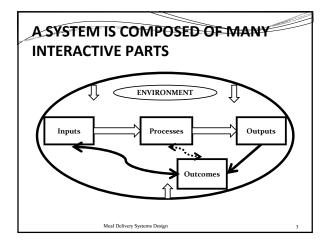


WHAT IS A SYSTEM?? A collection of parts integrated to accomplish an overall goal Parts comprising a system include: Inputs Processes Outputs Outcomes There is ongoing feedback among these parts Open system has ongoing feedback with the environment



Food Delivery Programs as Systems

A meal delivery program is a system in that it has multiple and varied inputs which are processed in varying ways to produce the output of meals for older persons

Meal Delivery Systems Design

MEAL DELIVERY SYSTEM GOAL The overall goal of a meal delivery system is: Delivery of meals to program clients that are:

≻Nutritious

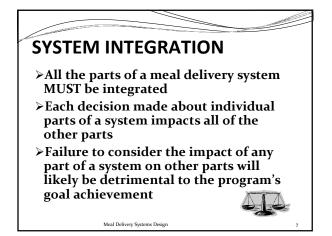
High QualitySafe to Eat



Meal Delivery Systems Design

>Enjoyed by the Client

THE SYSTEM PARTS Inputs:Foods - Personnel - Facilities -- Equipment - Materials **Processes:**Food Preparation - Menu Preparation - Meal Packaging - Meal Delivery **Outputs:**Nutritious packaged Meals Delivered to Clients **Outcomes:**Clients Receive Safe, Nutritious Meals That They Enjoy Clients Maintain/Improve Health Clients May Be Able To Remain In Their Homes Reduction in medical costs for clients Important Community Need Met





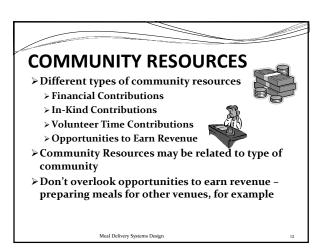
ENVIRONMENTAL CHANGE

- >A program must continually interact with the surrounding environment to keep abreast of changes
- Programs must be flexible and, when necessary, make adjustments to keep the program viable
- The advent of the baby boomers will test a program's flexibility and ability to make creative changes











Community resources are essential for sustaining a meal delivery system. Thus, consistent positive interaction with the community (the system's environment) and feedback from the community (environment) is essential for a system's sustainment

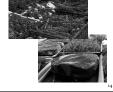
Meal Delivery Systems Design

INPUTS

Inputs = Resources that are put into a system to be processed or to facilitate the processing of other inputs to create the outputs of the system.

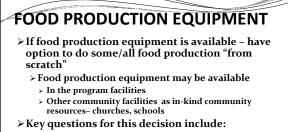
> Examples of meal delivery program inputs:

- ➤ Facilities
- > Equipment
- > Food Products
- > Materials (non-food supplies)
- > Personnel
- Volunteers
- Community Contributions

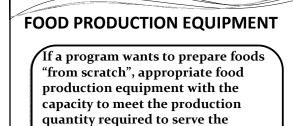






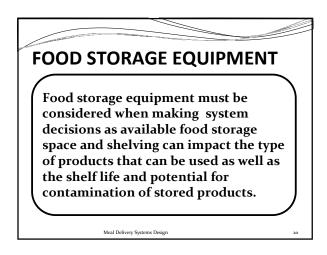


- Capacity of available equipment
- > Appropriate type of equipment
- Availability of personnel with appropriate skills
- > Total meal cost (raw product + labor + all
- overhead)

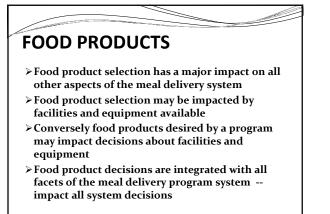


number of clients anticipated by the program must be available. This equipment must be clean, sanitary, and in good working order.









Type of Food Product	"Raw Foods To Be Used In "From Scratch" Preparation	Refrigerated Prepared Foods Or Meals	Frozen Prepared Foods Or Meals	Shelf Stable Meals
Facilities – Equipment Required	Refrigerated, frozen, and dry storage; Separate refrigerated and/or frozen storage for raw foods and prepared foods; Array of food production equipment, including sinks and pot washing equipment (steam table), possible wrapping/sealing equipment (-large volume of meals; insulated or possibly heated or cooled transport equipment	Large capacity for mifrigerated storage: dry storage: separate mifrigerated areas may be required if foods purchased in bulk; ovens may be required if foods rethermalized at program site; "Dish-Up" equipment (steamcold table) may be required if purchased in bulk; possible wrapping/sealing equipment. I same volume - bulk foods repackaged or jossibly heated or cooled transport equipment.	Large capacity for forcen storage: dry storage: refrigerated storage if foots purchased in bulk, thaved, rethermalized, and repackaged for distribution at program site: "Dish-Up" reparad products purchased in bulk: possible wrapping/sealing equipment (steam/cold table) may be required if purchased in bulk: possible equipment - large volume - bulk foods or possibly heated or cooled transport equipment	Dry storage - areas to separate foods from other materials and supplies

Type of Food Product	"Raw Foods To Be Used In "From Scratch" Preparation	Refrigerated Prepared Foods Or Meals	Frozen Prepared Foods Or Meals	Shelf Stable Meals
Personnel Considerations	Need personnel skilled in food preparation and portion control; need personnel trained in food safety and safe food handling practices	Need personnel trained in food safety and safe food handling practices; may need personnel trained in proper food rethermalization techniques and portion control	Need personnel trained in food safety and safe food handling practices; may need personnel trained in proper food rethermalization techniques and portion control	Need personnel trained in food safety and safe food handling practices



FOOD PR	ODUCT O	PTIONS		and the second difference of the second differ
Type of Food Product	"Raw Foods To Be Used In "From Scratch" Preparation	Refrigerated Prepared Foods Or Meals	Frozen Prepared Foods Or Meals	Shelf Stable Meals
Advantages	Food product specifically tailored to program cliented and their needs; meals may have "home cooked" quality that may be desirable to clients; may be lower per meal cost - depending out - depending portion control, & personnel costs Meal Delivery	Meals purchased packaged, ready-to- serve - maintenance of meal quality, reduction in labor costs, portion size consistency, possible improvement in possible possible food safety; Prepared, refrigerated bulk foods purchases - potential meal quality consistency ; labor cost reduction; saving on capital equipment <i>Tivesthism</i> ?	Meals purchased packaged, ready-to- serve - maintenance of meal quality, portion size consistency, reduction in labor costs, possible improvement in food safety; Prepared, frozen bulk foods purchases - potential meal quality consistency; labor cost reduction; saving on capital equipment investment	Reduction in labor costs, improved food safety, potential meal quality consistency, portion size consistency, savings on capital equipment investment



FOOD PR Type of Food Product	"Raw Foods To Be Used In "From Scratch" Preparation	PTIONS Refrigerated Prepared Foods Or Meals	Frozen Prepared Foods Or Meals	Shelf Stable Meals
Disadvantages v v	Inconsistency in food product quality: inconsistency in food portions; excess cost from product waste; multiple opportunities for food contamination; difficulties in hiring adequately skilled personnel	Possible higher food cost; increased cost for large amount of refrigerated storage; possible food safety products mishandled; if bulk products purchased - excess cost from product swate, multiple opportunities for food contamination; inconsistency in portions	Possible higher food cost; increased cost for large amount of frozen storage space; possible food safety problems if products mishandled; if bulk products purchased excess cost from product waste, multiple opportunities for food contamination; inconsistency in portions	High product costs; Reliance on clients to reconstitute correctly - possible product quality and consistency problems; possible food safety problem if foods mishandled by clients once reconstituted

Type of Food Product	"Raw Foods To Be Used In "From Scratch" Preparation	Refrigerated Prepared Foods Or Meals	Frozen Prepared Foods Or Meals	Shelf Stable Meals
Quality Concerns	Poor food preparation; product deterioration of foods delivered hot; product deterioration when client reheats foods	Product deterioration if not held at proper temperatures; clients may not like the "TV dinner" type meals and foods; product deterioration from foods not rethermalized properly; product deterioration if food rethermalized at program site and delivered hot	Product deterioration if not held at proper temperatures; clients may not like the "TV dinner" type meals and foods; product deterioration from foods not rethermalized properly; product deterioration if food rethermalized at program site and delivered hot	Poor product quality if not reconstituted properly by client; may have poor taste - not "real food" taste for client



Type of Food Product	"Raw Foods To Be Used In "From Scratch" Preparation	Refrigerated Prepared Foods Or Meals	Frozen Prepared Foods Or Meals	Shelf Stable Meals
Food Safety Concerns	Multiple opportunities for contamination & cross-contamination in storage and during preparation; foods out of time & lemperature range preparation, food temperatures not maintained properly during meal packaging and/or delivery; clients leaving foods out at room temperature if not eaten right away	Out of acceptable time & temperature range if not here proper temperatures during storage and transport or client leaves meal on counter at room temperature; if buik foods rethermalized and program site - multiple opportunities for contamination at al Istages	Out of acceptable time & temperature range if not here the proper temperatures during storage and transport or client leaves meal on counter at room temperature; if buik foods packaged at program site - multiple opportunities for contamination at al stages	Food spoilage and contamination if reconstituter and not eaten right away - time & temperature problems; contaminated water used for reconstitution

PACKAGING MATERIALS

- Packaging materials selection must be integrated with type of food product used
- Packaging materials decision not made until decision made regarding type of food products to be used
- > Pre-Packaged meals eliminate the need for further meal plating and packaging materials for the main entrée plate
- > May still need packaging materials for side items

Meal Delivery Systems Design

PACKAGING MATERIALSFactors to consider in selection of packaging materials include:

Food item(s) to be packages
Temperature of the item(s) to be packaged
Whether or not the client need to rethermalize the food prior to eating
Type of equipment the client(s) have available for food rethermalization
Amount of liquid in the food

Materials	Aluminum containers	Aluminum Foil (cover containers)	Ovenable Paperboard Containers	Ovenable Plastic Containers	Plastic film (cover containers)	Soup Cups	Portior Cups
Holds Heat Well	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No
Usable in n oven	Yes	Yes	Yes - to 180°F sealed; 400°F open	Yes to 350°F for 30 minutes on sheet pan	Yes - to 180 ⁻ F	No	No
Usable in Microwave	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Usable in Freezer	Yes	Yes	Yes - good to -40°F	Yes - good to -40°F	Yes	No	Yes
Recyclable	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	No
Bio- degradable	No	No	Yes	No	No	No	No



PACKAGING MATERIALS OPTIONS

The packaging materials selected will impact the packaging process selected for the system. Some of these materials lend themselves to automated machine packaging; others do not. Programs serving a large volume of meals need to consider the automation factor, as well as the other factors related to the choice of packing materials.

Meal Delivery Systems Design

PERSONNEL (PAID EMPLOYEES)

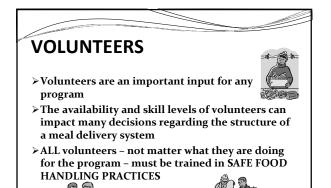
- Paid personnel are a critical input to any meal delivery system
- > If an adequate supply of personnel with the skills necessary for a particular system is not available as a resource within the community, then that type of system must be eliminated from consideration.
 - > If it is not eliminated and inappropriate personnel are employed by the program, the quality of the meals produced will not meet the program's standards for quality
 - > The safety of the produced meals may also be in question

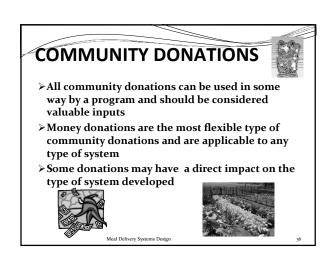
PERSONNEL (PAID EMPLOYEES)

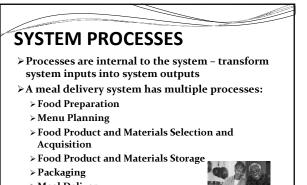
Challenges regarding personnel:

- Recruiting an adequate number of personnel with the appropriate skill level if food
- products are prepared "from scratch" on site > Recruiting available skilled personnel as employees for salaries available considering
- programs' resources
- resources available for salaries
- > Making sure that ALL personnel, regardless of skill level of position, are trained in SAFE FOOD HANDLING PROCEDURES

Meal Delivery Systems Design









Process Option	All Food prepared in program facilities	Some food prepared in program facilities; some purchased pre-prepared	All Food purchased pre-prepared in bulk- refrigerated, Frozen, or Shelf Stable	All food purchased pre-prepared pre-packaged into individual meals - refrigerated, frozen or shelf stable	Caterer produces hot meals; delivers to program in bulk	Caterer produces, packages, and delivers hot meals directly to clients
Food Production Equipment Require- ments	All types of production equipment necessary for all types of food product production required	Some production equipment required - equipment dependent of type of products products produced in facilities	No production equipment required	No production equipment required	No production equipment required	No production equipment required

Process Option	All Food prepared in program facilities	Some food prepared in program facilities; some purchased pre-prepared	All Food purchased pre-prepared in bulk- refrigerated, Frozen, or Shelf Stable	All food purchased pre-prepared pre-packaged into individual meals - refrigerated, frozen or shelf stable	Caterer produces hot meals; delivers to program in bulk	Caterer produces, packages, and delivers hot meals directly to clients
Facility Space Require- ments	Large space for production, packaging, all types of storage, administrative offices, personnel areas (locker room, break areas)	Limited space for food production; large space for all types of storage; packaging area; administrative offices, moderate space for personnel	No space for food production; large space for all types of storage; packaging area; administrative offices, moderate space for personnel	No space for food production; large space for refrigerated and/or frozen storage; limited space for dry storage and for packaging area; administrative offices; limited space for personnel areas	No space for food production; limited space for all types of storage; moderate space for packaging area (hot steam tables); administrative offices; limited space for personnel areas	No space for food related activities; administrative offices; limited space for personnel areas



Process Option	All Food prepared in program facilities	Some food prepared in program facilities; some purchased pre-prepared	All Food purchased pre-prepared in bulk- refrigerated, Frozen, or Shelf Stable	All food purchased pre-prepared pre-packaged into individual meals - refrigerated, frozen or shelf stable	Caterer produces hot meals; delivers to program in bulk	Caterer produces, packages, and delivers hot meals directly to clients
Probable per meal Food Cost	Low	Moderate	Moderate to High	High	High	Very High
Probable per meal overhead costs	High	Moderate to High	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate to Low	Low
Personnel Requirements	High; specialized skill requirements	Moderate to high; some specialized skill requirements likely	Moderate; limited specialized skill requirements	Low - few, if any, specialized skill requirements	Low; limited specialized skill requirements	Low - few specialized skill requirements



FOOD PREPARATION PROCESS OPTIONS

- > There are "trade-offs" between the types of costs and the resources required among the different food processing options that might be selected by a meal delivery program
- > The cook-chill (cook-freeze) process is another option available to very large programs
 - > Foods prepared "from scratch", then quickly chilled or frozen
 - > Foods chilled/frozen either in bulk or as individual meals
 - > System not cost effective for small/medium programs

Meal Delivery Systems Design



FOOD PREPARATION PROCESS OPTIONS

Just because a meal delivery program contracts with a caterer for food and/or meal services, it is not relieved of responsibility for the quality and safety of the meals served. The program still has responsibilities and related overhead costs to be sure that the caterer's services are monitored to ensure performance to contract standards . Remedial actions must be taken when there are deviations from the contract standards.

MENU PLANNING Menu planning process must: Reflect the selected food preparation process Be closely integrated with decisions regarding the type of food products to be used in the program Greatest menu flexibility realized from the use of "raw" food products processed at the program site When using pre-prepared meals, menu options are limited to the specific products available

Pre-prepared meals (refrigerated, frozen, shelf stable) offer client flexibility as to when to eat the meals Mul Delivery Systems Design



The process of selection and acquisition (purchasing) of food products and materials, such as packaging materials, and the storage process for foods and materials will not be discussed here as these processes are covered in the Food Cost Control course that is part of this certification program.

PACKAGING PROCESS

Meal Delivery Systems Design

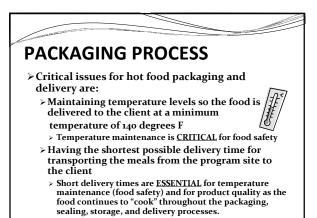
- Generally the packaging process required will be determined by the food preparation process that is selected
- > The type of food used will impact the resources required (equipment, personnel, space)
- Hot meal packaging process is complex compared to cold food packaging
- > Use of pre-prepared meals simplifies the packaging process



PACKAGING PROCESS

≻Hot food packaging process:

- > Required use of steam tables or similar equipment to keep foods at proper temperatures
 > Packaged at 180 degrees F or higher
- Foods must be packaged/plated quickly
 Maintain appropriate temperatures
- > Preserve product quality
- > Packaged/plated foods must be sealed quickly
- > Sealed foods must be placed into insulated or heated containers quickly
- > Delivery process must take place as soon as possible Meal Delivery Systems Design



Meal Delivery Systems Design

PACKAGING PROCESS

- > Packaging process is simplified for cold items
- ≻Cold items:
 - > Can be packaged well ahead of delivery time and will maintain temperature when stored correctly

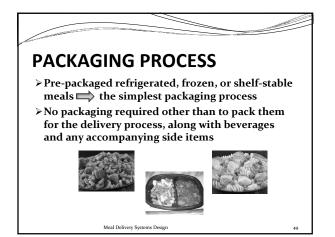
生命

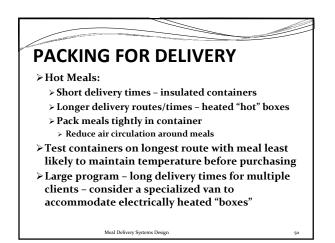
- Can be packed for delivery well ahead of time and stored in refrigerators or freezers until needed
- > Are easier to pack to maintain safe temperature level of less than 40 degrees F (< 10 degrees F for frozen) for longer delivery times

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Food quality does not deteriorate in chilled or frozen products

Meal Delivery Systems Desig



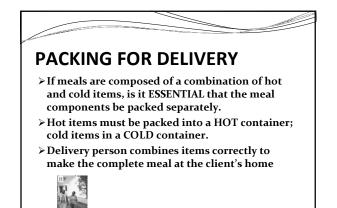


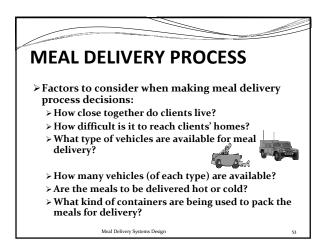
PACKING FOR DELIVERY

> Cold Meals , Beverages and Side Items:

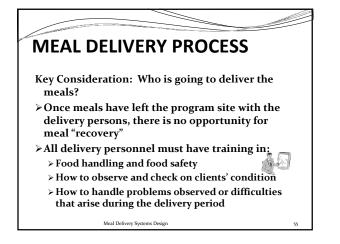
- > Insulated containers and/or coolers usually adequate
- > Use frozen gel packs or "blue ice" to keep foods chilled
- > Do not use ice possible contamination of foods from melting ice
- > Can used chilled "carry boxes" with frozen packs for chilling
- Consider dry ice for frozen foods to be delivered on long routes







MEAL DELIVERY PROCESS
Key Consideration:
Meals need to reach the clients at safe temperatures and must not be contaminated in any way during the delivery process
Consider the route structure carefully
Keep delivery times as short as possible for hot meals
Rural areas with very long delivery distances and route times likely require the use of refrigerated, frozen, or shelf stable meals to preserve meal safety and food quality



MEAL DELIVERY PROCESS

> If volunteers are making the meal deliveries and they are using their own vehicles, need to:

- Consider insurance coverage
- > Consider cleanliness of vehicle interior and the trunk wherever the meal containers are being placed
- > Have a process in place for periodically inspecting delivery vehicles
- > Make sure they are well maintained and clean
- > Vehicle cleanliness essential to prevent meal contamination
- > Inspect any vehicle before a volunteer makes his/her first deliveries
- Clean and sanitize any program-owned delivery vehicles daily as soon as they return from delivery route

Meal Delivery Systems Design

OUTPUTS

✓All of the system inputs and processes work together to produce the outputs of the meal delivery system.

The delivered meals are the output.

The value of the system (the meal delivery program) to the environment (the community) can be evaluated by reviewing the outcomes achieved by the system's outputs.

